Code No: 07A62106

Time: 3 hours

 $\mathbf{R07}$ 

## Set No. 2

## III B.Tech II Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, May 2010 INTRODUCTION TO SPACE TECHNOLOGY Aeronautical Engineering

## Max Marks: 80

[16]

## Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks \*\*\*\*

- 1. With the help of neat sketches, discuss multi-staging of rockets by stacking 'one after the other' ('tandem staging') and 'parallel staging'. Bring out the major advantages and/or disadvantages of adopting tandem staging, parallel staging and a combination. [16]
- 2. A spacecraft is in a circular parking orbit at an altitude of 200 km from the earth. Calculate the velocity change required to perform a Hohmann transfer to a circular orbit at geosynchronous altitude, in the same plane. [16]
- 3. (a) How many sets of initial conditions can we make use of for solving the two body equation of motion? Give an example of one set of these.
  - (b) A remote sensing satellite is in a circular orbit of 7,500 km. What is its inclination? [8+8]
- 4. Is power generation possible continuously in a satellite? Consider
  - (i) a polar sun-synchronous satellite and
  - (ii) geostationary satellite

and discuss.

- 5. (a) What are the effects of charged particles on a satellite?
  - (b) List out the precautions that the astronaut should follow to avoid or minimize the damage due to radiation. [6+10]
- 6. (a) Explain how the thrust of a rocket develops. Derive the equation for the thrust. Differentiate between under-expanded and over-expanded nozzle performance.
  - (b) Compare the various type of supersonic nozzles. [10+6]
- 7. Explain briefly about the attitude control for Nonspining space craft. [16]
- 8. Describe the two requirements (a high value and a low value) for the hypersonic drag coefficient of a re-entry space vehicle. [16]

\*\*\*\*